

DUO WORLD INC

FORM 10-Q (Quarterly Report)

Filed 08/14/17 for the Period Ending 06/30/17

Address 170 S, GREEN VALLEY PARKWAY, SUITE 300

HENDERSON, NV, 89012

Telephone 00 94 112 375 000

CIK 0001635136

Symbol DUUO

SIC Code 7372 - Services-Prepackaged Software

Fiscal Year 03/31

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2017

	or
[] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OF	R 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE TRANSITIO	ON FROM TO
Commission F	ile Number: 0-55698
DUO WO	ORLD, INC.
	ant as specified in its charter)
Nevada	35-2517572
(State or other Jurisdiction	(I.R.S. Employer
of Incorporation or Organization)	Identification No.)
c/o Duo Software (Pvt.) Ltd.	
No. 403 Galle Road	
Colombo 03, Sri Lanka	Not applicable
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip code)
Registrant's telephor	ne number: (870) 505-6540
	to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the red to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the
	d posted on its Website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted er) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting	accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the g company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer []	Accelerated filer []
Non-accelerated filer []	Smaller reporting company [X]
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Yes [] No [X]	Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).
	OLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS ECEDING FIVE YEARS
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant filed all documents and report	rts required to be filed by Section 12, 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the

APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE ISSUERS

distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court. Yes [] No []

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date: As of August 14, 2017, there were 38,707,467 outstanding shares of the Registrant's Common Stock, \$.001 par value.

INDEX

	Page
PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION	F-1
Item 1. Financial Statements.	F-1
Notes to Financial Statements (Unaudited)	F-6
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	3
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk	11
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	11
PART II – OTHER INFORMATION	11
Item 1. Legal Proceedings.	11
Item 1A. Risk Factors	11
Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds	11
Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities	11
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosure	12
Item 5. Other Information.	12
Item 6. Exhibits	12
<u>SIGNATURES</u>	13

PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

Duo World, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements June 30, 2017 (Unaudited)

CONTENTS

	Page(s)
Consolidated Balance Sheets - June 30, 2017 (unaudited) and March 31, 2017	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 (unaudited)	F-4
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 (unaudited)	F-5
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements (unaudited)	F-6 – F-16
F- 2	

Duo World, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets

		June 30, 2017		March 31, 2017
		(Un-audited)	_	
ASSETS		(
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,432	\$	25,084
Accounts receivable - trade		704,454		621,670
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		239,901		257,376
Accrued Revenue		46,063		70,174
Total Current Assets		1,035,850		974,304
Non-Current Assets				
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$251,437 and \$248,326 respectively		39,829		48,087
Intangible asset		613,356		580,899
Deferred taxes		30,811		30,864
Total Non-Current Assets		683,996		659,850
Total Assets	\$	1,719,846	\$	1,634,154
LIABILITIES and SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	351,889	\$	307,616
Short term borrowings	Ψ	459,334	Ψ	473,838
Payroll, employee benefits, severance		314,048		284,285
Due to related parties		512,890		361,785
Payable for acquisition		185,762		185,762
Taxes payable		86,678		82,669
Accruals and other payables		110,126		169,746
Deferred revenue		64,030		16,420
Total Current liabilities		2,084,757		1,882,121
Long Term Liabilities				
Due to related parties		1,167,956		1,168,866
Total Long Term liabilities		1,167,956		1,168,866
		· · ·		
Total liabilities	\$	3,252,713	\$	3,050,987
Commitments and contingencies (Note 16)				
Shareholders' Deficit				
Ordinary shares: \$0.001 par value per share; 90,000,000 shares authorized; 38,707,467 and 38,567,467				
shares issued and outstanding, respectively	\$	38,707	\$	38,567
Convertible series "A" preferred shares: \$0.001 par value per share; 10,000,000 shares authorized;	Ψ	20,707	Ψ	20,207
5,500,000 and 5,500,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively		5,500		5,500
Additional paid in capital		959,116		907,456
Accumulated deficit		(2,642,989)		(2,481,117)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		106,799		112,761
Total Shareholders' Deficit		(1,532,867)		(1,416,833)
Total Lightities and Charabaldow? Definit		4 = 10 0 : 5		
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit	\$	1,719,846	\$	1,634,154

Duo World, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

	Ju	ne 30 2017	Jui	ne 30 2016
Revenue	\$	210,812	\$	328,726
Cost of sales (exclusive of depreciation presented below)	Ψ	(86,750)	Ψ	(76,228)
Gross income	\$		\$	252,498
Operating Expenses				
Research and development	\$	-	\$	7,011
General and administrative expenses		148,569		385,511
Salaries and benefits		84,251		95,501
Selling and distribution expenses		3,055		3,313
Depreciation		7,091		39,724
Amortization of web site development		381		746
Allowance for bad debts		30,601		-
Total operating expenses		273,948		531,806
Loss from operations	\$	(149,886)	\$	(279,308)
Other income (expenses):				
Gain / (Loss) on disposals	\$	32	\$	-
Other income	*	602	_	224
Bank charges		(994)		(1,204)
Exchange gain / (loss)		6,225		2,652
Interest expense		(17,851)		(4,992)
Total other expenses		(11,986)		(3,319)
Loss before provision for income taxes	\$	(161,872)	\$	(282,627)
Provision for income taxes		-		-
Net loss	\$	(161,872)	\$	(282,627)
		(200,010)		(202,021)
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.01)
Basic and Diluted Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding		38,567,467		38,427,962
				<u> </u>
Comprehensive Income / (Loss):		,		
(Loss) / gain on foreign currency translation	\$	(5,962)	\$	9,427
Net loss		(161,872)		(282,627)
Comprehensive Loss	\$	(167,834)	\$	(273,200)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Duo World, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

	Ju	ne 30 2017	Ju	ne 30 2016
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Loss before provision for income taxes	\$	(161,872)	\$	(282,627)
Adjustments to reconcile loss before provision for income taxes to cash provided by / (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	\$	7,472	\$	40,470
Allowance for bad debts		30,601		-
Gain on disposals of property and equipment		(32)		-
Product development cost written off		27,384		46,021
Stock issued for services		51,800		214,600
Stock issued as payment for accrued interest		-		15,000
Prior year adjustments		-		42,146
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable - trade		(113,385)		(85,895)
Prepayments		41,587		(3,560)
Accounts Payable		44,272		(90,249)
Payroll, employee benefits, severance		29,763		34,697
Short term overdraft - Pan Asia Bank		(14,503)		(3,021)
Due to relates parties		151,105		3,599
Taxes payable		4,009		2,875
Accruals and other payables		(12,010)		(9,278)
Deferred taxes		53		-
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	\$	86,244	\$	(75,223)
	'			
Cash Flows used in investing activities:				(2 4)
Acquisition of Property and Equipment	\$	-	\$	(3,721)
Sale proceeds of disposal of Property and Equipment		282		-
Intangible asset		(65,426)		(90,792)
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(65,144)	\$	(94,513)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Long term - Due to related parties	\$	-	\$	22,781
Proceeds from issuance of common stock to PPM investors		-		151,001
Additional Paid in Capital		-		(74,197)
			_	
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	99,585
Net increase / (decrease) in cash	\$	21,100	\$	(70,151)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(752)		12,629
Cash, beginning of period	\$	25,084	\$	91,106
Cash, end of period		45 400	0	22.504
Cash, end of period	\$	45,432	\$	33,584
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:				
Cash paid for interest	\$	(16,276)	\$	(4,256)
Cook maid for income towar				
Cash paid for income taxes	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:				
Common shares issued for services received	\$	51,800	\$	214,600
	*	21,000	-	211,000

Duo World Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

<u>June 30, 2017</u>

(Unaudited)

Note 1 - Organization and Nature of Operations

Duo World Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "Successor" or "Duo") a reporting company, was organized under the laws of the state of Nevada on September 19, 2014. Duo Software (Pvt.) Limited (hereinafter referred to as "DSSL" or "Predecessor"), a Sri Lanka based company, was incorporated on 22nd September 2004, in the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, as a limited liability company. Duo Software (Pte.) Limited (hereinafter referred to as "DSS" or "Predecessor"), a Singapore based company, was incorporated on June 05, 2007 in the Republic of Singapore as a limited liability company. DSS also includes its wholly owned subsidiary, Duo Software India (Private) Limited (India) which was incorporated on August 30, 2007, under the laws of India.

On December 03, 2014, Duo Software (Pvt.) Limited (DSSL) and Duo Software Pte. Limited (DSS) executed a reverse recapitalization with Duo World Inc. (Duo). Duo (Successor) is a holding company that conducts operations through its wholly owned subsidiaries DSSL and DSS (Predecessors) in Sri Lanka, Singapore and India. The consolidated entity is referred to as "the Company". The Company, having its development center in Colombo, has been in the space of developing products and services for the subscription-based industry. The Company's application ("Duo Subscribe", "Duo Contact", "DigIn", "FaceTone", "CloudCharge" and "SmoothFlow") provide solutions in the space of Data Analytics, Customer Life Cycle Management, Subscriber Billing and Work Flow.

Note 2 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial information. Accordingly, they do not include all the information and disclosures necessary for a comprehensive presentation of consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows. It is management's opinion, however, that all material adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) have been made which are necessary for a fair consolidated financial statements presentation.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Annual Report, which contains the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto, together with the Management's Discussion and Analysis, for the year ended March 31, 2017. The interim results for the period ended June 30, 2017 are not necessarily indicative of results for the full fiscal year.

Going Concern

The Company has incurred a net loss of \$161,872 and \$282,627 during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 respectively, As at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, the Company's current liabilities exceeded current assets by \$1,048,908 and \$907,817 and Shareholders deficit as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017 has been \$1,532,867 and \$1,416,833. The Company has outstanding statutory dues towards Employee provident fund and employee trust fund as at that date of \$303,531 and \$269,781.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a going concern. The Company has operating losses as mentioned in the above paragraph. However, the same were incurred as one-time expenditure incurred for incorporation and listing of the company. The Company has operating cash inflows/ (outflows) of \$86,244 and (\$75,223) respectively during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016.

Further, the Company has entered into contracts with the clients for the products launched during the year 2016-17 and it is confident that the projects shall generate sufficient revenue to offset the operating losses.

Duo World Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

<u>June 30, 2017</u>

(Unaudited)

Note 3 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Consolidation

Duo World Inc. is the parent company of its 100% subsidiaries Duo Software (Pvt.) Limited (DSSL) and Duo Software Pte Limited (DSS). Duo Software Pte. Limited is the parent company of its 100% subsidiary Duo Software India (Private) Limited (India). All significant inter-company accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated Financial Statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Making estimates requires management to exercise significant judgment. It is least reasonably possible that the estimate of the effect of a condition, situation or set of circumstances that existed at the date of the financial statements, which management considered in formulating its estimate could change in the near term due to one or more future non-confirming events. Accordingly, the actual results could differ from those estimates. The most significant estimates relate to the timing and amounts of revenue recognition, the recognition and disclosure of contingent liabilities and the collectability of accounts receivable.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company's operations are subject to significant risk and uncertainties including financial, operational, competition and potential risk of business failure. Product revenues are concentrated in the application software industry, which is highly competitive and rapidly changing. Significant technological changes in the industry or customer requirements, or the emergence of competitive products with new capabilities or technologies, could adversely affect operating results.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents with various high quality financial institutions and we monitor the credit ratings of those institutions. The Company's sales are primarily to the companies located in Sri Lanka, Singapore, Indonesia and India. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of our customers, and the risk with respect to trade receivables is further mitigated by the diversity, both by geography and by industry, of the customer base. Accounts receivable are due principally from the companies under stated contract terms.

Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has present obligations as a result of a past event. It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations and reliable estimate can be made of amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted at their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Accounts Receivable and Provision for Doubtful Accounts

The Company recognizes accounts receivable in connection with the products sold and services provided and have strong policies and procedures for the collection of receivables from its clients. However, there are inevitably occasions when the receivables due to the Company cannot be collected and, therefore, have to be written off as bad debts. While the debt collection process is being pursued, an assessment is made of the likelihood of the receivable being collectable. A provision is, therefore, made against the outstanding receivable to reflect that component that may not become collectable. The Company is in the practice of provisioning for doubtful debts based on the period outstanding as per the following:

Duo World Inc. and Subsidiaries

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

<u>June 30, 2017</u>

(Unaudited)

Trade receivables outstanding:	Provision	
Over 24 months	100	%
Over 18 months	50	%
Over 15 months	25	%
Over 12 months	10	%
Over 9 months	5	%

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, there were no cash equivalents.

Foreign Currency Translation

The functional currencies of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are their local currencies. For financial reporting purposes, these currencies have been translated into United States Dollars (\$) and/or USD as the reporting currency. All assets and liabilities denominated in foreign functional currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the closing exchange rate on the balance sheet date and equity balances are translated at historical rates. Revenues, costs and expenses in foreign functional currencies are translated at the average rate of exchange during the period. Translation adjustments arising from the use of different exchange rates from period to period are included as a component of shareholders' deficit as "accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)". Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in the statement of operations and comprehensive income (loss) as other income (expense).

Fixed assets

Fixed assets (including leasehold improvements) are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The estimated salvage value is considered as NIL. Amortization of leasehold improvements is computed utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated benefit period of the related assets, which may not exceed 15 years, or the lease term, if shorter. Repairs and maintenance expenditures, which are not considered improvements and do not extend the useful life of the property and equipment, are expensed as incurred. In case of sale or disposal of an asset, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the consolidated financial statements.

Useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Furniture & Fittings	5 years
Improvements to lease hold assets	Lease term
Office equipment	5 years
Computer equipment (Data Processing Equipment)	3 years
Website development	4 years

For the financial year ending March 31, 2016, the useful life of Computer Equipment and Website development were assumed to be 5 years.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The Company reviews long-lived assets, such as property, plant, and equipment for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. Assets to be disposed of by sale would be separately presented in the balance sheet and reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs related to the sale, and are no longer depreciated. The assets and liabilities of a group classified as held for sale would be presented separately in the appropriate asset and liability sections of the balance sheet.

Fair Value Measurements and Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company measures assets and liabilities at fair value based on an expected exit price as defined by the authoritative guidance on fair value measurements, which represents the amount that would be received on the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability, as the case may be, in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value may be based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

The estimated fair value of certain financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses are carried at historical cost basis, which approximates their fair values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Revenue Recognition, Deferred & Accrued Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of software licenses and related services in accordance with ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition. ASC Topic 605 sets forth guidance as to when revenue is realized or realizable and earned, which is generally, when all of the following criteria are met:

- Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists. Evidence of an arrangement generally consists of a contract or purchase order signed by the customer.
- Delivery has occurred or services have been performed. Services are considered delivered as the work is performed or, in the case of maintenance, over the contractual service period. The Company uses written evidence of customer acceptance to verify delivery or completion of any performance terms.
- The seller's price to the buyer is fixed or determinable. The Company assesses whether the sales price is fixed or determinable based on payment terms associated with the transaction and whether the sales price is subject to refund or adjustment.
- Collectability is reasonably assured. The Company assesses collectability primarily based on the creditworthiness of the customer as determined by credit checks and related analysis, as well as the customer's payment history, economic conditions in the customer's industry and geographic location and general economic conditions. If we do not consider collection of a fee to be probable, we defer the revenue until the fees are collected, provided all other conditions for revenue recognition have been met.

The Company typically licenses its products on a per server, per user basis with the price per customer varying based on the selection of the products licensed, the number of site installations and the number of authorized users. Currently, Duo is offering three products from which it generates its revenue; they are "Duo Contact", "Duo Subscribe" and "FaceTone". In the case of "Duo Contact", Duo offers license to use software to its clients under an agreement. Invoices are raised monthly over the term of agreement, and it recognizes revenue monthly over the term of the underlying arrangement. In the case of "Duo Subscribe" and "FaceTone", Duo sells its software license along with software implementation and annual maintenance services under an agreement with various clients. The Company raises invoices on a key milestone basis, as defined in the agreement. Revenue recognition is based on stage of completion basis. Revenues from consulting and training services are typically recognized as the services are performed.

The Company offers annual maintenance programs on its licenses that provide for technical support and updates to the Company's software products. Maintenance fees are bundled with license fees in the initial licensing period and charged separately for renewals of annual maintenance in subsequent years. Fair value for maintenance is based upon either renewal rates stated in the contracts or separate sales of renewals to customers. Revenue is recognized ratably, or daily, over the term of the maintenance period, which is typically one year.

For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company received only cash as consideration for sale of licenses and related services rendered.

For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Company had following concentrations of revenue with customers:

Customer	Customer June 30, 2017 June 30	
		_
DEN Networks	51.88%	26.25%
Commercial Bank	12.21%	0.00%
Topas TV	7.52%	11.45%
Bank of Ceylon	8.49%	0.00%
Development services	7.26%	0.00%
Meghbela	2.90%	1.38%
Megamedia	0.00%	35.02%
Hutchison	0.00%	14.77%
HelloCorp	0.00%	3.72%
Other misc. customers	10.00%	7.41%
	100%	100%

Deferred Revenue - Deferred revenue represents advance payments for software licenses, services, and maintenance billed in advance of the time revenue is recognized. As at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, deferred revenue was \$64,030 and \$16,420 respectively.

Accrued Revenue/Unbilled Accounts Receivable - Accrued revenue/Unbilled accounts receivable primarily occur due to the timing of the respective billings, which occur subsequent to the end of each reporting period. As at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, unbilled/accrued revenues were \$46,063 and \$70,174 respectively.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue mainly includes purchases, product implementation costs, amortization of product development, developer support and implementation, and consultancy fees related to the products offered by Duo. The aggregate cost related to the software implementations, including support and consulting services pertaining to the revenue recognized during the reporting period, is recognized as Cost of Revenue.

Product research and development

Product research and development expenses consist primarily of salary and benefits for the Company's development and technical support staff, contractors' fees and other costs associated with the enhancements of existing products and services and development of new products and services. Costs incurred for software development prior to technological feasibility are expensed as product research and development costs in the period incurred. Once the point of technological feasibility is reached, which is generally upon the completion of a working prototype that has no critical bugs and is a release candidate development costs are capitalized until the product is ready for general release and are classified within "Intangibles assets" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The Company amortizes capitalized software development costs using the greater of the ratio of the products' current gross revenues to the total of current gross revenues and expected gross revenues or on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic life of the related product, which is typically four years.

During the three months ending on June 30, 2017 and 2016, product research and development cost of \$65,426 and \$90,792 respectively, were capitalized as "Intangible assets".

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising costs as incurred. No advertising expenses were incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Comprehensive Income

The Comprehensive Income Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification establishes standards for reporting and presentation of comprehensive income and its components in a full set of financial statements. Comprehensive income from April 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017, includes only foreign currency translation gains (losses), and is presented in the Company's consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component during the periods ending on June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017 were as follows:

Foreign Currency Translation gains (losses)	_	
Balance, March 31, 2016	\$	76,829
Translation rate gain for the period		35,932
Balance, March 31, 2017	\$	112,761
Translation rate loss during the period		(5,962)
Balance, June 30, 2017	\$	106,799

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company has reviewed accounting pronouncements that were issued as of June 30, 2017 and believes that these pronouncements are not applicable to the Company, or that they will not have a material impact on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Note 4 – Accounts Receivable

Following is a summary of accounts receivable as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017;

	June 30, 2017			March 31, 2017		
Accounts receivable – Trade	\$	867,467	\$	754,783		
Less: Provision for doubtful debts		(163,013)		(133,113)		
	\$	704,454	\$	621,670		

At June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, the Company had following concentrations of accounts receivable with customers:

Customer	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017
Megamedia	53.45%	63.68%
DEN Networks	25.30%	15.99%
Topas	7.81%	7.24%
Dish Media	3.92%	5.88%
Sri Lanka Telecom	1.39%	1.42%
Bank of Ceylon	2.58%	0.00%
DFCC	1.53%	0.13%
Meghbela	1.07%	0.74%
Mediatama	0.48%	1.29%
MediaNet	0.92%	1.14%
Other 8 receivables	1.56%	2.49%
	100%	100%

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

Following is a summary of prepaid expenses and other current assets as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017;

	June 30, 2017		Maı	rch 31, 2017
Security deposits	\$	18,198	\$	29,621
WHT receivable		199,622		201,362
Staff loan and advances		-		100
Travel advance		-		295
Supplier advance		3,474		4,398
ESC receivable		5,775		5,826
Insurance prepayment		889		1,435
Prepayments		9,190		10,580
Other receivables		2,753		3,759
	\$	239,901	\$	257,376

Note 6 - Property and Equipment

Following table illustrates net book value of property and equipment as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017;

	June 30, 2017		Mar	ch 31, 2017
Office equipment	\$	9,381	\$	9,465
Furniture & fittings		138,144		139,377
Computer equipment (Data Processing Equipment)		128,205		131,909
Improvements to lease hold assets		1,877		1,894
Website Development		13,659		13,768
		291,266		296,413
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(251,437)		(248,326)
Net property and equipment	\$	39,829	\$	48,087

Depreciation and amortization expense for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$7,472 and \$40,470 respectively.

Note 7 - Intangible Assets

Intangible assets comprise of capitalization of certain costs pertaining to product development, which meet the criteria as set forth above under Note 3. Following table illustrates the movement in intangible assets as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

	Jun	e 30, 2017	March 31, 2017		
Opening Balance	\$	580,899	\$	382,352	
Add: Costs capitalized during the period		65,426		365,216	
Less: Amount written –off during the period		(27,384)		(147,326)	
Translational loss		(5,589)		(19,343)	
Net Intangible Assets	\$	613,356	\$	580,899	

Note 8 - Short Term Borrowings

Following is a summary of short-term borrowings as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017;

	June	30, 2017	Mai	rch 31, 2017
PAN Asia Bank – Short term overdraft	\$	450,417	\$	460,088
Prosperous Capital		8,917		8,997
Commercial bank credit card		-		4,753
	\$	459,334	\$	473,838

Bank overdraft facility, obtained from Pan Asia Banking Corporation PLC, contains an interest rate of 9.61% per annum up to \$101,846 and 11.35% per annum up to \$207,383.

Note 9 - Due to Related Parties

Due to Related Parties - Short term

From time to time, the Company receives advances from related parties such as officers, directors or principal shareholders in the normal course of business. Loans and advances received from related parties are unsecured and non-interest bearing. Balances outstanding to these persons for less than 12 months are presented under current liabilities in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, the Company owed directors \$512,890 and \$361,785 respectively.

Due to Related Parties - Long term

Balances outstanding to related parties for more than 12 months are presented under long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. As of June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, the Company owed directors \$1,167,956 and \$1,168,866 respectively.

Note 10 - Taxes Payable

The taxes payable comprise of items listed below as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017;

	June 3	30, 2017	M	arch 31, 2017
PAYE	\$	83,554	\$	73,611
VAT payable		-		14
Stamp Duty Payable		41		48
Tax payable		3,083		8,996
	\$	86,678	\$	82,669

Note 11 - Accruals and Other Payables

Following is a summary of accruals and other payables as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017;

	J	une 30, 2017	M	arch 31, 2017
Audit fee payable	\$	14,074	\$	20,906
Accrued expenses		48,398		81,696
Other payables		47,654		67,469
	\$	110,126	\$	170,071

Note 12 - Cost of Revenue

Following is the summary of cost of revenue for the three months ending June 30, 2017 and 2016;

	June	30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016
Purchases	\$	11,252	\$	7,522
Implementation cost		9,202		10,754
Product development cost written off		27,384		46,021
Consultancy, contract basis employee cost		6,825		3,225
Support services		17,206		8,706
Other external Services		3,250		-
Cost of development services		11,631		-
	\$	86,750	\$	76,228

13 - General and Administrative Expenses

Following is the summary of general and administrative expenses for the three months ending June 30, 2017 and 2016;

	Jun	e 30, 2017	June 30, 2016		
Directors remuneration	\$	38,123	\$ 26,410		
EPF		11,078	10,767		
ETF		2,769	2,692		
Bonus		-	24,961		
Vehicle allowance		9,457	13,691		
Staff welfare		3,907	2,810		
Penalties / Late payment charges		-	2,406		
Office rent		18,701	17,742		
Electricity charges		3,796	4,311		
Office maintenance		2,987	4,263		
Telephone charges		2,573	3,275		
Travelling expense		776	782		
Audit fees		3,178	20,900		
Printing and stationery		266	300		
Office expenses		551	603		
Computer maintenance		1,726	1,255		
Internet charges		3,309	2,771		
Courier and postage		84	203		
Security charges		1,005	806		
Insurance expense		525	587		
Professional fees		6,510	3,845		
Gratuity		3,640	-		
Secretarial fees		186	246		
Un-claimable VAT input/ Irrecoverable tax		10,087	14,863		
Software Rentals		7,526	6,906		
Other professional services		2,244	214,600		
Consulting Fee		8,550	-		
Transfer agent fees		450	785		
Filling fee and subscription		2,860	2,458		
Stamp duty expenses		493	-		
Other expenses		1,212	273		
	\$	148,569	\$ 385,511		

Note 14 - Selling and Distribution Expenses

Following is the summary of selling and distribution expenses for the three months ending on June 30, 2017 and 2016;

	June 3	30, 2017	June 30, 2016		
Marketing Expenses	\$	325	\$	67	
Vehicle hire charges		1,560		1,613	
Foreign Travel		-		424	
Vehicle Running Expense		1,170		1,209	
	\$	3,055	\$	3,313	

Note 15 - Equity

(A) Common Stock

As at June 30, 2017, the Company had 90,000,000 authorized shares of common stock having a par value of \$0.001. The shares of Common Stock are designated with the following rights:

- Voting rights: Common shareholders can attend at annual or special meeting of shareholders to cast vote or use a proxy.
- Right to elect board of directors: Common shareholders control the Company through their right to elect the Company's board of directors.
- Right to share income and assets: Common shareholders have the right to share the Company's earnings equally on a per share basis in the form of dividends. Similarly, in the event of liquidation, shareholders have claims on assets that remain after meeting the obligations to pay accrued taxes, accrued salary and wages, creditors including bondholders (if any) and preferred shareholders. Thus, common shareholders are residual claimants of the Company's income and assets.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company issued following common shares:

]	Date Type		Shares	Valuation	
	06/30/2017	Stock issued to Consulting for Strategic Growth 1, Ltd.	140,000	\$	51,800

(B) Preferred Stock

As at June 30, 2017, the Company had 10,000,000 authorized series "A" preferred shares having a par value of \$0.001 per share. The preferred shares are designated with the following conversion rights:

• One preferred share will convert into ten (10) common shares no earlier than 12 months and 1 day after the issuance.

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company did not issued any new preferred shares.

Note 16 - Commitments and Contingencies

The Company consults with legal counsel on matters related to litigation and other experts both within and outside the Company with respect to matters in the ordinary course of business. The Company does not have any contingent liabilities in respect of legal claims arising in the ordinary course of business.

Duo entered into a lease commitment for its Sri Lanka office amounting to \$118,890 with Happy Building Management Company for a period of 3 years in 2016. Duo entered into another lease commitment for its Indian office amounting to \$1,257 on April 1, 2017 with Regus Office Center Services Pvt. Limited for a period of 1 year.

Guarantee provided by the company existed on the balance sheet date are as follows:

Date	Description	Amoun	ıt
09/23/2011	Performance Bond for BOC Tender	\$	9,921
05/15/2013	Guarantee for Lanka Clear		2,085
07/31/2014	Guarantee for SLT		561
08/10/2015	Guarantee for LOLC		1,585
		\$	14,152

The company has not provided any guarantees other than those mentioned above.

Note 17 - General

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest dollar and the comparative figures have been re-arranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Cautionary Forward - Looking Statement

The following discussion and analysis of the results of operations and financial condition of Duo World, Inc. should be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial statements, and the related notes. References to "we," "our," or "us" in this section refers to the Company and its subsidiaries. Our discussion includes forward-looking statements based upon current expectations that involve risks and uncertainties, such as our plans, objectives, expectations and intentions. We use words such as "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "project," "continuing," "ongoing," "expect," "believe," "intend," "may," "will," "should," "could," and similar expressions to identify forward-looking statements.

Certain matters discussed herein may contain forward-looking statements that are subject to risks and uncertainties. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following:

- the volatile and competitive nature of our industry,
- the uncertainties surrounding the rapidly evolving markets in which we compete,
- the uncertainties surrounding technological change of the industry,
- our dependence on its intellectual property rights,
- the success of marketing efforts by third parties,
- the changing demands of customers and
- the arrangements with present and future customers and third parties

Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize or should any of the underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results of current and future operations may vary materially from those anticipated.

Our MD&A is comprised of the following sections:

- A. Business Overview
- B. Critical Accounting Policies
- C. Results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016
- D. Financial condition as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017
- E. Liquidity and capital reserves
- F. Milestones for next twelve months

A. Business overview:

Duo World, Inc. (hereinafter referred to as "Successor" or "Duo"), a reporting Company since September 26, 2016, was organized under the laws of the state of Nevada on September 19, 2014. Duo Software (Pvt.) Limited (hereinafter referred to as "DSSL" or "Predecessor"), a Sri Lanka based company, was incorporated on September 22, 2004, in the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, as a limited liability company. Duo Software (Pte.) Limited (hereinafter referred to as "DSS" or "Predecessor"), a Singapore based company, was incorporated on June 5, 2007 in the Republic of Singapore as a limited liability company. DSS also includes its wholly-owned subsidiary, Duo Software India (Private) Limited (India), which was incorporated on August 30, 2007, under the laws of India.

Effective December 3, 2014, DSSL and DSS executed a reverse recapitalization with Duo. Duo ("Successor") is a holding company that conducts operations through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, DSSL and DSS ("Predecessors") in Sri Lanka, Singapore and India. The consolidated entity is referred to as the "Company." The Company, having its development center in Colombo, Sri Lanka, specializes in the space of Customer Life Cycle Management and Contact Center solutions, and Subscriber Management Billing and Business Intelligence in the Asia Pacific Region. Driven by innovation, Duo World has served the enterprises in many ways, including efficiency, cost reduction, revenue optimization and continuous value addition to their product or service offerings. Duo World has been in the business of developing products and services for the subscription based industry.

Our authorized capital consists of 100,000,000 shares, including 90,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value, and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock, \$0.001 par value.

B. Critical Accounting Policies:

We prepare our consolidated financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of consolidated financial statements also requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, costs and expenses and related disclosures. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ significantly from the estimates made by our management. To the extent that there are differences between our estimates and actual results, our future financial statement presentation, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows will be affected. We believe that the accounting policies discussed below are critical to understanding our historical and future performance, as these policies relate to the more significant areas involving management's judgments and estimates.

Critical accounting policies and estimates are those that we consider the most important to the portrayal of our financial condition and results of operations because they require our most difficult, subjective or complex judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of the matters that are inherently uncertain.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from the sale of software licenses and related services in accordance with ASC Topic 605, Revenue Recognition. ASC Topic 605 sets forth guidance as to when revenue is realized or realizable and earned, which is generally, when all of the following criteria are met:

- Persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists. Evidence of an arrangement generally consists of a contract or purchase order signed by the customer.
- Delivery has occurred or services have been performed. Services are considered delivered as the work is performed or, in the case of maintenance, over the contractual service period. The Company uses written evidence of customer acceptance to verify delivery or completion of any performance terms.
- The seller's price to the buyer is fixed or determinable. The Company assesses whether the sales price is fixed or determinable based on payment terms associated with the transaction and whether the sales price is subject to refund or adjustment.
- Collectability is reasonably assured. The Company assesses collectability primarily based on the creditworthiness of the customer as determined by credit
 checks and related analysis, as well as the customer's payment history, economic conditions in the customer's industry and geographic location and
 general economic conditions. If we do not consider collection of a fee to be probable, we defer the revenue until the fees are collected, provided all other
 conditions for revenue recognition have been met.

The Company typically licenses its products on a per server, per user basis with the price per customer varying based on the selection of the products licensed, the number of site installations and the number of authorized users. Currently, Duo is offering three products from which it generates its revenue; they are "DuoCLM," "Duo Subscribe" and "FaceTone." In the case of DuoCLM, Duo offers licenses to use software to its clients under an agreement. Invoices are raised monthly over the term of agreement, and it recognizes revenue monthly over the term of the underlying arrangement. In the case of Duo Subscribe and FaceTone, Duo sells its software licenses along with software implementation and annual maintenance services under an agreement with various clients. The Company raises invoices on key milestone basis as defined in the agreement with the customer. Revenue recognition is based on stage of completion basis. Revenues from consulting, development and training services are typically recognized as the services are performed.

The Company offers annual maintenance programs on its licenses that provide for technical support and updates to the Company's software products. Maintenance fees are bundled with license fees in the initial licensing period and charged separately for renewals of annual maintenance in subsequent years. Fair value for maintenance is based upon either renewal rates stated in the contracts or separate sales of renewals to customers. Revenue is recognized ratably, or daily, over the term of the maintenance period, which is typically one year.

Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has present obligations as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligations and reliable estimates can be made of amount of the obligation. Provisions are not discounted at their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes using the asset and liability method. Under the asset and liability method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carry forwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure about Market Risk

We are exposed to financial market risks, primarily changes in interest rates. Market risk is the potential loss arising from adverse changes in market rates and prices.

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

Our results of operations and cash flows are subject to fluctuations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. All of our revenues are normally generated in U.S. dollars or Sri Lankan rupees. Our expenses are generally denominated in the currencies in which our operations are located, which are primarily in Asia and to a lesser extent in the U.S. Our results of operations and cash flows are, therefore, subject to fluctuations due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates and may be adversely affected in the future due to changes in foreign exchange rates. To date, we have not engaged in any foreign currency hedging strategies. As our international operations grow, we plan to generate revenues in foreign currencies and we will continue to reassess our approach to manage our risk relating to fluctuations in currency rates.

Inflation

We do not believe that inflation had a material effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations in the last three fiscal years. If our costs were to become subject to significant inflationary pressures, we may not be able to fully offset such higher costs through price increases. Our inability or failure to do so could harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

C. Results of operations for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016:

The Company had revenues amounting to \$210,812 and \$328,726, respectively, for three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016. Following is a breakdown of revenues for both periods:

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		 Changes
DuoSubscribe	\$	138,342	\$	260,891	\$ (122,549)
DuoCLM		380		65,344	(64,964)
Software hosting and reselling - FaceTone (Beta/testing version)		2,719		2,491	228
FaceTone		54,065		_	54,065
Development services		15,306			15,306
	\$	210,812	\$	328,726	\$ (117,914)

Total revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2017 decreased by 36% when compared to June 30, 2016. The decrease is mainly due to the drop in revenue generated by our products, DuoCLM and DuoSubscribe, as a result of the Company's decision to phase out these legacy products,

The Company is no longer actively marketing DuoCLM and DuoSubscribe, as our newer products are being introduced to the market. FaceTone is an advanced version of DuoCLM, and it is generating a lot of interest in the market because of its superior features and flexibility.

During the period ended June 30, 2017, the Company entered into a software license agreement to implement FaceTone to one of the leading commercial banks in Sri Lanka. (The Bank has been ranked among the Top 1000 Banks of the World for a seventh consecutive year in 2017, in the global list compiled by "The Banker" magazine of the U.K. The Bank is also the most awarded bank in the country).

The Company also signed a software distribution agreement with the biggest telecommunication service provider in Sri Lanka for the product FaceTone. FaceTone is to be launched on the telecommunication provider's platform in September 2017, making it available to its subscribers at a monthly subscription.

Fully owned subsidiary of Duo World Inc., Duo Software won a 'Merit Award' at the Asia Pacific ICT Alliance (APICTA) Awards, held in December 2016 in Taipei, just months after winning 'Gold' and 'Merit' Awards at the National Best Quality Software Awards (NBQSA) for the new products.

For the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, the Company had the following concentrations of revenues with customers:

Customer	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	
A	51.88%	26.25%	
В	12.21%	0%	
C	8.49%	0%	
D	7.52%	11.45%	
Other misc. customers	19.90%	62.30%	
	100%	100%	

The total cost of sales amounted to \$86,750 and \$76,228 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively. The following table sets forth the Company's cost of sales breakdown for both periods:

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		Change	
Purchases	\$	11.252	\$	7,522	\$	3,730
Implementation and onsite support cost	Ψ	9,202	Ψ	10,754	Ψ	(1,552)
Product development cost written off		27,384		46,021		(18,637)
Consultancy, contract basis employee cost		6,825		3,225		3,600
Support services		17,206		8,706		8,500
Other external services		3,250		_		3,250
Cost of development services		11,631		_		11,631
Total cost of sales	\$	86,750	\$	76,228	\$	10,522

Cost of sales has marginally increased by \$10,522 in the three months ended June 30, 2017 when compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. Cost of development services was the main contributor to the increase in cost of sales.

The gross income for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 amounted to \$124,062 and \$252,498, respectively.

The total operating expenditures amounted to \$273,948 and \$531,806 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, respectively. The following table sets forth the Company's operating expenditure analysis for both periods:

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		Change	
Research and development	\$	-	\$	7,011	\$	(7,011)
General and administrative		148,569		385,511		(236,942)
Salaries and benefits		84,251		95,501		(11,250)
Selling and distribution		3,055		3,313		(258)
Depreciation		7,091		39,724		(32,633)
Amortization of web site development		381		746		(365)
Allowance for bad debts		30,601		<u>-</u>		30,601
Total operating expenses	\$	273,948	\$	531,806	\$	(257,858)

Following are the main reasons for the variances in operating expenses of the Company:

Research and Development

The Company has not incurred research and development cost during the three months ended June 30, 2017, as all of our products have passed through the research and development phase. Whereas during the three months ended June 30, 2016, the Company incurred \$ 7,011 as research and development expense.

General and Administrative Cost

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, general and administrative cost declined by \$236,942 (61%) when compared to the same period in 2016.

The main reason for the decrease was due to the reduction in the professional fees paid to consultants in preparation and filing of Form S-1 registration statement. This cost amounted to \$214,600 during the three months ended June 30, 2016. Further, the Company has not paid any bonus during the three months ended June 30, 2017, whereas it paid bonuses amounting to \$24,961 during the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Salaries and benefits

Salaries and benefits decreased by 12% during the three months ended June 30, 2017 as the total number of staff was reduced when compared to the same period in 2016. The Company moved toward outsourcing of non-core activities and this lead to a general decrease in the number of permanent staff.

Selling and distribution

During the period ended June 30, 2017, marketing expenses marginally decreased as the Company only marketed one product (FaceTone) and that was only in Sri Lanka, as a test market before the product is marketed in other countries

Depreciation and Amortization expense

Depreciation and amortization expense had decreased by 82% during the 3 months ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. Since April 1, 2017 the Company has changed its accounting policies on useful life of computer equipment and website development and the effect on changing accounting policies were reflected during the three months ended June 30, 2016.

Allowance for bad debts

During the three months ended June 30, 2017, the Company provided an allowance for bad debts on a quarterly basis and the same basis was adapted from July 1, 2016 onward.

The loss from operations for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 amounted to \$149,886 and \$279,308, respectively.

The Company's other income and (expense) for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 amounted to \$(11,986) and \$(3,319), respectively. The following table sets forth the Company's other income and (expense) analysis for both periods:

	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		Change	
Gain on disposals	\$	32	\$	_	\$	32
Other income		602		224		378
Bank charges		(994)		(1,204)		210
Exchange gain		6,225		2,652		3,573
Interest expense		(17,851)		(4,992)		(12,859)
Total other income (expenses)	\$	(11,986)	\$	(3,319)	\$	(8,666)

Other expenditures increased by \$8,666 in the three months ended June 30, 2017, when compared to the three months ended June 30, 2016. The main reason for this increase was the increase in interest cost.

The loss before provision for income taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 amounted to \$161,872 and \$282,627, respectively.

The net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 amounted to \$161,872 and \$282,627, respectively.

The Company's comprehensive loss for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 amounted to \$167,834 and \$273,200, respectively.

Comprehensive Income / (Loss):	 June 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016
(Loss) / gain on foreign currency translation	\$ (5,962)	\$ 9,427
Net loss	 (161,872)	 (282,627)
Comprehensive loss	\$ (167,834)	\$ (273,200)

At June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, the Company had 38,707,467 and 38,567,467 common shares issued and outstanding, respectively. The weighted average number of shares for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 was 38,567,467 and 38,427,962, respectively. The loss per share for both periods was \$(0.00) per share and \$(0.01) per share, respectively.

D. Financial condition as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017:

Assets:

The Company reported total assets of \$1,719,846 and \$1,634,154 as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively. 41% of these total assets include net accounts receivables and 36% of total assets comprise intangible assets of the Company. Our property and equipment include office equipment, computer equipment (Data Processing Equipment), furniture and fittings, web site developments and improvement to lease- hold assets having a total net book value of \$39,829 and \$48,087 as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively. We also had a deferred tax asset of \$30,864 as at March 31, 2017 which now totals \$30,811 as at June 30, 2017. Furthermore, our current assets at March 31, 2017 totaled \$974,304 and at June 30, 2017, these current assets amounted to \$1,035,850 comprised of cash of \$45,432, accounts receivable of \$704,454, prepaid and other current assets of \$239,901 and accrued revenue of \$46,063.

Liabilities:

The Company had total liabilities of \$3,252,713 and \$3,050,987 as at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively. Long term liabilities include balances owed to related parties which are outstanding for more than 12 months. Our current liabilities at March 31, 2017 totaled \$1,882,121. We have seen an increase of 11% in current liabilities amounting to \$202,636, making total current liabilities of \$2,084,757 as at June 30, 2017. These mainly include short term third party debt, payroll liabilities, payable to related parties, deferred revenue, taxes payable, accrued liabilities and our day to day operational creditors.

Stockholder's Deficit:

At March 31, 2017, the Company had stockholders' deficit of \$1,416,833. At June 30, 2017, the Company had stockholders' deficit of \$1,532,867, which represents an increase of 8%.

The Company had 38,707,467 and 38,567,467 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2017 and March 31, 2017, respectively.

E. Liquidity and capital reserves:

The Company had loss from operations of \$149,886 and \$279,308 for the three months ended June 30, 2017, and 2016, respectively; a total other expense amounting to \$11,986 and \$3,319 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively; and a net loss of \$161,872 and \$282,627 for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

In summary, our cash flows for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Jı	ine 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016
Net cash provided by / (used in) operating activities	\$	86,244	\$ (75,223)
Net cash used in investing activities		(65,144)	(94,513)
Net cash provided by financing activities		-	99,585

Since inception, we have financed our operations primarily through internally generated funds and the use of our lines of credit with several financial institutions. We had \$45,432 in cash; net cash provided by operations of \$86,224, for the three months ended June 30, 2017; working capital deficit of \$1,048,908 and stockholders' deficit of \$1,532,867 as of June 30, 2017.

F. Milestones for next twelve months (2017-2018):

Our specific plan of operations and milestones through June 2018 are as follows:

1) Product Development and Launch:

We intend to commercially launch the new cloud based, SaaS products: CloudCharge, DigIn, FaceTone and SmoothFlow.

2) Expansion:

a) Geographical Expansion

We intend to set up sales and support teams in Asian countries that have growing subscription markets. We hope to establish our presence in the United States by opening our first sales office during early 2018.

b) Market Expansion

Currently, we have clients in India, Indonesia, and Sri Lanka.

We intend to expand into new markets and regions with enhanced and new products. We hope to enter certain markets by way of appointing partners with the strategic fit to be able to promote the products in those markets in the more cost effective manner to the Company.

c) Knowledge Capital, Learning and Innovation.

Our greatest strength is our human capital. We have the ability to continue to innovate and set trends within the industries in which we operate, due to our ability to innovate and create value in our products.

Our management intends to:

- Continue to empower and create value for our human capital;
- Encourage disruptive technologies;
- Provide greater opportunities for knowledge sharing; and
- Sponsor and motivate learning and adoption of new technologies.

d) Infrastructure

We plan to increase our infrastructure in order to:

- Facilitate the increase in software development teams supporting R&D and Product Development;
- Expand our Global Support Center to cater to the increase in customer base, and increase in our product lines;
- Set up a smaller software development center outside of Sri Lanka, which would also be used as a disaster recovery center in the event our development center in Sri Lanka becomes incapacitated due to unforeseen events.

e) Financial Performance

We intend to provide value for all our shareholders by:

- Increasing profitability and free cash flow;
- Efficiently managing the use of capital;
- Raising capital and expanding our operations;
- Up list to OTCQB;
- Capitalizing and maximizing on the high growth opportunities in the market;
- Providing a robust and steady capital appreciation; and
- Providing options to realize gains.

f) Corporate Social Responsibility

Our wholly-owned subsidiary, Duo Software (Pvt.) Ltd., was Asia's first software development company to be certified Carbon Neutral in 2011.

We intend to be environmentally friendly, and continue with the carbon foot print audit and Carbon Neutral Certification in 2017.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

Not applicable.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of the end of the period covered by this report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on this evaluation, our Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and Rule 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) were effective.

Changes in internal control over financial reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during our last fiscal quarter that materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We are not involved in any legal proceedings.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Not applicable.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

We have issued below shares of common stock during the three months ended June 30, 2017

Name and Address of the Beneficial Owner

Consulting for Strategic Growth 1, Ltd.

880, 3 rd Avenue, 06 th Floor, New York NY 10022, USA.

140,000

June 30, 2017

We have not issued any preferred stock during three months ended June 30, 2017.

The above shares were issued in reliance on the exemption from registration afforded by Section 4.(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended.

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

Not applicable.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

See Exhibit Index below for exhibits required by Item 601 of regulation S-K.

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit No.

Description

List of Exhibits attached or incorporated by reference pursuant to Item 601 of Regulation S-K:

Description
Certification under Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Certification under Section 302 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Certification under Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Certification under Section 906 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
rewith

Filed herewith.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DUO WORLD, INC.

Date: August 14, 2017 /s/ Muhunthan Canagasooryam

Muhunthan Canagasooryam

President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 14, 2017 /s/ Suzannah Jennifer Samuel Perera

Suzannah Jennifer Samuel Perera

Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

13

DUO WORLD, INC. A Nevada corporation CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER Section 302 Certification

I, Muhunthan Canagasooryam, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Duo World, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2017.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this interim report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation;
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a) All significant deficiencies in the design of operation of internal controls which would adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weakness in internal controls; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 14, 2017 /s/ Muhunthan Canagasooryam

Muhunthan Canagasooryam President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer

DUO WORLD, INC. A Nevada corporation CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER Section 302 Certification

- I, Suzannah Jennifer Samuel Perera, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Duo World, Inc. for the quarter ended June 30, 2017.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this interim report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under my supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to me by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this annual report is being prepared;
 - Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under my supervision, to
 provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance
 with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report my conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation;
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. I have disclosed, based on my most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
 - a. All significant deficiencies in the design of operation of internal controls which would adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weakness in internal controls; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting

Date: August 14, 2017 /s/Suzannah Jennifer Samuel Perera

Suzannah Jennifer Samuel Perera Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)

DUO WORLD, INC. A Nevada corporation CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Duo World, Inc. ("Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Muhunthan Canagasooryam, President and Chief Executive Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authentication, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed from within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: August 14, 2017 /s/Muhunthan Canagasooryam

Muhunthan Canagasooryam President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

DUO WORLD, INC. A Nevada corporation CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350 SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Duo World, Inc. ("Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Suzannah Jennifer Samuel Perera, Chief Financial Officer, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authentication, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed from within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: August 14, 2017 /s/Suzannah Jennifer Samuel Perera

Suzannah Jennifer Samuel Perera Chief Financial Officer (Principal Accounting and Financial Officer)